GRAND HAVEN BOARD OF LIGHT AND POWER

(AN ENTERPRISE FUND OF THE CITY OF GRAND HAVEN, MICHIGAN)

Grand Haven, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 12, 2010

Board of Directors Grand Haven Board of Light and Power Grand Haven, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the *Grand Haven Board of Light and Power* (an enterprise fund of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Grand Haven Board of Light and Power's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Grand Haven Board of Light and Power and are not intended to present the financial position of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan, as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows where applicable, for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Grand Haven Board of Light and Power as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 12, 2010 on our consideration of the Grand Haven Board of Light and Power's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 5 and the Municipal Employee Retirement System and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board*. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit this information and express no opinion thereon.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Grand Haven Board of Light and Power's basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the Grand Haven Board of Light and Power's basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Rehmann Lohan

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the Grand Haven Board of Light & Power's (BLP) annual financial report presents the analysis of the BLP's financial performance during the fiscal years ending June 30, 2010 and 2009. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

Overview of Business

The BLP owns and operates an electric system, which generates, purchases, and distributes electric energy, and provides electric service to over 13,400 residential, commercial, and industrial customers in the City of Grand Haven and portions of the surrounding communities. The BLP generated 97 percent of its retail sales and 100 percent of its wholesale sales. The BLP purchased the balance of its energy requirements and made all wholesale sales through the Michigan Public Power Agency's Power Pool Project. The Power Pool Project economically dispatches the loads and resources of eight municipal electric utilities in Michigan.

Condensed Financial Information

Net Assets (Dollars in Thousands)

	Years Ende	d June 30,	Increase (Decrease)		
	2010	2009	\$	%	
Current and Other Assets	\$29,368	\$27,128	\$2,240	8%	
Property, Plant and Equipment	42,042	44,914	(2,872)	-6%	
Total Assets	71,410	72,042	(632)	-1%	
Long-term Liabilities	43,608	48,319	(4,711)	-10%	
Other Liabilities	6,345	3,950	2,395	61%	
Total Liabilities	49,953	52,269	(2,316)	-4%	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net	3,864	1,715	2,149	125%	
Restricted	3,008	3,411	(403)	-12%	
Unrestricted	14,585	14,647	(62)	0%	
Total Net Assets	21,457	19,773	1,684	9%	

Current & Other Assets increase primarily due to increase in Cash and Accounts Receivable based on operations, partially offset by a decrease in Coal Inventory due to timing of shipments.

Property, Plant and Equipment decrease is a result of the depreciation expense exceeding new capital investment.

Long-term Liabilities decreased due to the current year principal payment of long term debt.

Other Liabilities increased primarily due to timing of receipt of coal shipments prior to June 30, 2010 and payment for coal shipments after June 30, 2010.

Results of Operations

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Years End	ded June 30,	Increase (Decrease)		
	2010	2009	\$	%	
Operating Revenue	\$31,131	\$32,032	\$(901)	-3%	
Operating Expenses	26,876	28,977	(2,101)	-7%	
Non-operating Expense, Net	2,571	2,751	(180)	-7%	
Net Income	1,684	304	1,380	454%	
Beginning Net Assets	19,773	19,469			
Ending Net Assets	21,457	19,773			

The decrease in operating revenue is a net result of a decrease in wholesale sales offset by an increase in retail sales. A decrease in retail kWh sales in the first three months was partially offset by later increases primarily in Commercial and Industrial sales resulting in a net decrease of 2%. A rate increase of 5.5% in retail sales was effective July 1, 2009. The decrease in kWh sales combined with the rate increase resulted in a net increase of retail revenue of 9%. A decrease in wholesale kWh sales of 71% was caused by a weak economy resulting in low demand and low wholesale market prices. The same factors affected capacity payments resulting in an overall wholesale revenue decrease of 64%.

Fiscal 2010 did not include a scheduled outage, which resulted in a decrease in Operating Expenses compared to fiscal 2009.

The Energy Optimization Program and the Renewable Portfolio Standard Program both began in fiscal 2010. Revenue from surcharges billed to customers for Energy Optimization was \$305,000 while expenses incurred for the program were \$207,000. Revenue from surcharges billed to customers for Renewable Portfolio Standard Program was \$39,000 while expenses had not yet been incurred as of June 30, 2010.

Interest income decreased 77%. Miscellaneous income includes the sale of sulfur dioxide (SO2) credits for \$157,000.

Capital contributions - transfers in are funds received from the City of Grand Haven and are included in Operating Revenues.

Budget

The BLP approved a \$29,208,000 operating expense budget for fiscal year 2010. Actual operating expenses were \$26,875,726 or 9% under budget.

Capital Improvements

Capital improvements are driven by the need to expand or maintain the systems of the BLP to meet growing customer needs and to maintain a satisfactory level of service reliability. The BLP invests essentially all revenues not paid out for operations and maintenance expense, non-operating expenses, or debt principal back into capital improvement for the electric systems. Total capital expenditures were \$1,125,295 in fiscal year 2010, which was paid by internally generated funds, and \$333,352 by the 2007 bond issue.

Next Year's Budget and Rates

The budget approved for the fiscal year 2011 reflects a rate change of 5.5% for customers and follows a 5.5% rate increase in fiscal 2010. Increased operating expenses dictate the need for the rate increase. There is a scheduled maintenance outage for fiscal 2011.

The capital improvement budget for next year includes several improvements to the generation and distribution systems.

Statements of Net Assets

		ne 30	
	2010	2009	
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,104,121	\$ 9,294,278	
Receivables:			
Accounts	3,023,734	2,338,698	
Interest	2,725	5,050	
Inventories	3,344,455	5,318,129	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	74,369	77,632	
Total current assets	19,549,404	17,033,787	
Noncurrent assets			
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	6,955,944	7,748,479	
Investments	2,668,947	2,097,202	
Interest receivable	4,742	2,657	
Capital assets not being depreciated	1,076,224	788,437	
Capital assets being depreciated, net	40,965,831	44,125,753	
Unamortized bond issuance costs	189,189	246,306	
Total assets	71,410,281	72,042,621	
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	4,084,914	1,485,821	
Accrued liabilities:			
Payroll and related	493,217	507,892	
Other	410,135	456,334	
Deferred revenue	1,858	157,150	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:			
Bonds payable	5,430,000	5,120,000	
Accrued interest payable	1,191,081	1,317,682	
Total current liabilities	11,611,205	9,044,879	
Noncurrent liabilities			
Deferred revenue	23,792	25,650	
Net other postemployment benefit obligation	140,000	, =	
Bonds payable - net of current portion	38,178,163	43,198,687	
Total liabilities	49,953,160	52,269,216	
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,863,892	1,715,503	
Restricted	3,008,552	3,410,656	
Unrestricted	14,584,677	14,647,246	
Total net assets	\$ 21,457,121	\$ 19,773,405	

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

	Year ended June 30		
	2010	2009	
	2010	2007	
Operating revenues	Φ 0.000.161	Φ 0.444.004	
Residential sales	\$ 8,880,161	\$ 8,444,904	
Commercial and industrial sales	18,928,214	16,991,663	
Public street and highway lighting	468,693	441,038	
Other sales to public authorities	643,789	637,085	
Sales for resale	1,927,063	5,384,127	
Forfeited discounts	101,596	92,711	
Rental income	39,465	39,133	
Capital contributions	140,730	928	
Other services	1,000	1,375	
Total operating revenues	31,130,711	32,032,964	
Operating expenses			
Power production	17,108,419	19,724,742	
Distribution	1,784,409	1,723,566	
Customer accounts	811,298	520,780	
Administrative and general	1,728,173	1,730,505	
Depreciation	3,997,430	3,952,069	
Statutory charge	1,445,997	1,325,735	
Total operating expenses	26,875,726	28,977,397	
Operating income	4,254,985	3,055,567	
Nonoperating income (expense) - net			
Interest income	55,145	239,987	
Interest expense	(2,853,765)	(3,157,450)	
Gain on sale of capital assets	8,704	986	
Emission allowances	157,150	149,183	
Other revenue	61,497	16,392	
Total nonoperating expense - net	(2,571,269)	(2,750,902)	
Change in net assets	1,683,716	304,665	
Net assets, beginning of year	19,773,405	19,468,740	
Net assets, end of year	\$ 21,457,121	\$ 19,773,405	

Statements of Cash Flows

	Year ended June 30	
	2010	2009
Carl Garage Comment of the Carlot of the Carlot		
Cash flows from operating activities	Φ 20.254.742	Φ 22.060.765
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 30,254,742	\$ 32,869,765
Payments to suppliers	(14,885,563)	(25,227,150)
Payments to employees	(3,303,794)	(3,102,721)
Net cash provided by operating activities	12,065,385	4,539,894
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Emission allowances	157,150	149,183
Other revenue	61,497	16,392
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	218,647	165,575
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Principal paid on long-term debt	(5,120,000)	(5,045,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(2,513,773)	(2,772,595)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	8,704	986
Purchase of capital assets	(1,125,295)	(3,303,204)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(8,750,364)	(11,119,813)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Cash received for interest	47,360	205,674
Purchases of investment securities	(13,293,720)	(9,316,968)
Proceeds from sale or maturities of investment securities	12,730,000	11,277,000
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(516,360)	2,165,706
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,017,308	(4,248,638)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	17,042,757	21,291,395
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 20,060,065	\$ 17,042,757
Statement of net assets classification of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,104,121	\$ 9,294,278
Restricted assets, cash and cash equivalents	6,955,944	7,748,479
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,060,065	\$ 17,042,757

Continued...

Statements of Cash Flows

	Year ended June 30		
	 2010		2009
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	\$ 4,254,985	\$	3,055,567
net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation Bad debt expense Changes in operating assets and liabilities	3,997,430 33,783		3,952,069 22,194
which provided (used) cash Accounts receivable Inventories	(718,819) 1,973,674		984,542 (2,482,424)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets Accounts payable	3,263 2,599,093		20,515 (852,674)
Accrued payroll and related Accrued other Deferred revenue	(14,675) (46,199) (157,150)		31,800 (43,954) (147,741)
Net other postemployment benefit obligation Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 140,000 12,065,385	\$	4,539,894

Notes to Financial Statements

1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Grand Haven Board of Light and Power (the "Board") is an Enterprise Fund of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan (the "City"). It operates under direction of the City Charter. The Board provides electric services to users in the City of Grand Haven and portions of the surrounding area. The economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are used in preparing the financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Board are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board*. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Board has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Board considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value, which approximates cost at the balance sheet date.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Notes to Financial Statements

Inventories

Inventories consist of coal and fuel oil and are stated at the lower of cost, determined principally by the moving average method, or market.

Prepaid Items

The Board incurred expenses prior to year-end for services that will be performed in the next fiscal year. In these situations, the Board records an asset to reflect the investment in future services.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Board's revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statements of net assets because they are maintained in separate accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The Board has separate accounts used to: 1) report resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from the Board's operation that could adversely affect debt service payments, (2) segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months, (3) report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the revenue bond current debt service account and (4) report resources set aside to meet unexpected contingencies or to fund asset renewals and replacements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs

Debt issue costs of \$610,458 of the Electric System Revenue Bonds are being amortized over the life of the issue by the interest method. Amortization charged to interest expense amounted to \$57,117 and \$62,939 for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Accumulated amortization was \$421,269 and \$364,152 at June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized at the point when customers are billed for services.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Board's deposits and investments are included on the statements of net assets under the following classifications at June 30:

	20	010	2009			
	Cash and Cash Restricted Equivalents Assets		Cash and Cash Equivalents	Restricted Assets		
Deposits (checking & savings accounts) Petty cash Investments	\$ 13,103,321 800 -	\$ 6,955,944 - 2,668,947	\$ 9,293,478 800 -	\$ 7,748,479 - 2,097,202		
Total	\$ 13,104,121	\$ 9,624,891	\$ 9,294,278	\$ 9,845,681		

Statutory Authority

State statutes authorize the Board to invest in:

- a. Bonds, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended through 12/31/97.

However, the Board's investment policy is further restricted by Bond Resolution.

Notes to Financial Statements

At June 30, 2010, the Board had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity Date	<u>Fair Value</u>		
U.S. Treasury Bill	8/5/2010	\$	1,333,004	
U.S. Treasury Bill	12/16/2010		1,335,943	
		\$	2,668,947	

At June 30, 2009, the Board had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity Date	F	<u>air Value</u>
U.S. Treasury Bill	7/9/2009	\$	2,097,202

Investment and Deposit Risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified above. The Board's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The maturity dates for each investment are identified above for investments held at year end.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified above. The Revenue Bond Resolution provides additional resources on the Board's investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Board's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the Board's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2010, \$12,656,007 of the Board's bank balance of \$19,886,097 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. At June 30, 2009, \$16,423,421 of the Board's bank balance of \$16,935,421 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. Insurance coverage pertains to all deposits of the City; hence, the specific coverage pertaining to the Board's deposits, if any, is not readily determinable.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Board will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the Board does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk which is more restrictive than state law. The Board is not exposed to custodial credit risk because all investments are held in the name of the Board.

Notes to Financial Statements

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the listing above. The Board will minimize concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

3. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted net assets consist of the following at June 30:

	2010	2009
Bond and interest redemption account –		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,620,082	\$ 6,434,581
Debt service reserve account –		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,510	571,139
United States Treasury bills & notes	2,668,947	2,097,202
Construction account –		
Cash and cash equivalents	333,352	742,759
Interest receivable	4,742	2,657
Total revenue bond restricted assets	9,629,633	9,848,338
Less current liabilities payable from restricted assets		
Debt principal payable	5,430,000	5,120,000
Accrued interest payable	1,191,081	1,317,682
Total current liabilities payable from		
restricted assets	6,621,081	6,437,682
Total restricted net assets	\$ 3,008,552	\$ 3,410,656

These assets are restricted pursuant to the Revenue Resolution for revenue bond debt service. Net assets are reserved for the purpose noted above.

Notes to Financial Statements

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

		Balance ily 1, 2009		Additions	Deletions and Transfers		Balance June 30, 2010	
Capital assets, not		ily 1, 2005				Transfers		110 30, 2010
being depreciated								
Land	\$	222,281	\$	_	\$	_	\$	222,281
Construction in	_	,_	-		_		_	,
progress		566,156		1,125,295		837,508		853,943
		788,437		1,125,295		837,508		1,076,224
Capital assets, being								
depreciated								
Steam production		94,240,054		499,491		-		94,739,545
Diesel production		6,183,435		-		-		6,183,435
Transmission and								
distribution plant		33,715,774		331,057		45,548		34,001,283
General plant		1,405,768		6,960		-		1,412,728
		135,545,031		837,508		45,548		136,336,991
Accumulated depreciation								
Steam production		67,980,009		2,946,904		-		70,926,913
Diesel production		5,222,499		76,072		-		5,298,571
Transmission and								
distribution plant		16,979,868		940,560		45,548		17,874,880
General plant		1,236,902		33,894		-		1,270,796
		91,419,278		3,997,430		45,548		95,371,160
Net capital assets,								
being depreciated		44,125,753		(3,159,922)				40,965,831
Total capital								
assets, net	\$	44,914,190	\$	(2,034,627)	\$	837,508	\$	42,042,055

Notes to Financial Statements

A summary of capital assets as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009 is as follows:

	Balance ıly 1, 2008							Balance ine 30, 2009
Capital assets, not			_					
being depreciated								
Land	\$ 222,281	\$	-	\$	-	\$	222,281	
Construction in								
progress	1,448,151		3,303,204		4,185,199		566,156	
	1,670,432		3,303,204		4,185,199		788,437	
Capital assets, being								
depreciated								
Steam production	92,301,955		1,948,974		10,875		94,240,054	
Diesel production	6,160,373		23,062		-		6,183,435	
Transmission and								
distribution plant	31,519,936		2,203,497		7,659		33,715,774	
General plant	1,396,102		9,666				1,405,768	
	131,378,366		4,185,199		18,534		135,545,031	
Accumulated depreciation								
Steam production	65,089,600		2,901,284		10,875		67,980,009	
Diesel production	5,131,480		91,019		_		5,222,499	
Transmission and								
distribution plant	16,069,757		917,770		7,659		16,979,868	
General plant	1,194,906		41,996		-		1,236,902	
	87,485,743		3,952,069		18,534		91,419,278	
Net capital assets, being depreciated	43,892,623		233,130		-		44,125,753	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 45,563,055	\$	3,536,334	\$	4,185,199	\$	44,914,190	

Notes to Financial Statements

5. DEFERRED REVENUE

Each year, the Board is allocated 1,484 S02 allowances from the Environmental Protection Agency, which are fully marketable commodities. One allowance authorizes the Board to emit one ton of S02 during a given year or any year thereafter. As the Board did not anticipate utilizing all of the allowances granted to it in future years, in 2003 the Board sold 6,900 future allowances, which is reflected in the financial statements as deferred revenue. The Board recognized \$157,150 and \$149,183 in emission allowances revenue for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. As the allowances are granted in future years, \$1,858 of deferred revenue will be recognized during the year ended June 30, 2011.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2009	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2010	One Year
2003 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$5,180,000 to \$7,210,000 through 2017; interest paid semi-annually at 5.0% to 5.5%.	\$ 47,850,000	\$ -	\$ 4,920,000	\$ 42,930,000	\$ 5,180,000
2007 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$250,000 to \$330,000 through 2017; interest paid semi-annually at 4.0% to 5.0%.	2,220,000	_	200,000	2,020,000	250,000
Subtotal installment debt	50,070,000	_	5,120,000	44,950,000	5,430,000
Unamortized bond premium Unamortized deferred loss on refunding	1,499,685	-	350,284 (759,760)	1,149,401 (2,491,238)	- -
Total long-term debt	\$ 48,318,687	<u> </u>	\$ 4,710,524	\$ 43,608,163	\$ 5,430,000
Total long-term debt	Ψ 40,510,007	Ψ -	Ψ 4,710,524	Ψ 45,000,105	Ψ 5,450,000

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term debt activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2008	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2009	Due Within One Year
1993 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds, final payment due July 1, 2008; interest at 5.25%.	\$ 4,865,000	\$ -	\$ 4,865,000	\$ -	\$ -
Revenue Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$4,920,000 to \$7,210,000 through 2017; interest paid semi-annually at 5.0% to 5.5%.	47,850,000	-	-	47,850,000	4,920,000
2007 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$180,000 to \$330,000 through 2017; interest paid semi-annually at 4.0% to 5.0%.	2,400,000	_	180,000	2,220,000	200,000
Subtotal installment debt	55,115,000	-	5,045,000	50,070,000	5,120,000
Unamortized bond premium	1,887,370	-	387,685	1,499,685	-
Unamortized deferred loss on refunding	(4,092,304)		(841,306)	(3,250,998)	
Total long-term debt	\$ 52,910,066	\$ -	\$ 4,591,379	\$ 48,318,687	\$ 5,120,000

Notes to Financial Statements

Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to maturity on debt outstanding as of June 30, 2010, excluding the unamortized premium and deferred refunding costs on bonds payable, are as follows:

Year			
Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2011	\$ 5,430,000	\$ 2,377,163	\$ 7,807,163
2012	5,720,000	2,107,863	7,827,863
2013	6,040,000	1,810,676	7,850,676
2014	6,370,000	1,496,100	7,866,100
2015	6,730,000	1,163,475	7,893,475
2016-2017	14,660,000	1,200,000	15,860,000
Total	\$ 44,950,000	\$ 10,155,277	\$ 55,105,277

Covenants of the Revenue Bond Resolution provide for, among other things, guidance on rate setting (requires anticipation of debt coverage ratio), various restrictions on the transfer of funds, issuance of additional debt, creation of liens and the sale and lease of property.

7. PENSION PLANS

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The information for the Board's defined benefit pension plan is as of December 31, 2009, which is the most recent information available.

Plan Description

The Board participates with the City in a defined benefit pension plan. The City's defined benefit pension plan provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan ("MERS"), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the MERS Retirement Board.

Act No. 427 of the Public Acts of 1984, as amended, establishes and amends the benefit provisions of the participants in MERS. The Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan, 447 N. Canal Road, Lansing, Michigan 48917 or by calling (800) 767-6377.

Notes to Financial Statements

Funding Policy

The Board is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 9.88% and 3.30% of annual covered payroll for union and non-union employees, respectively. The required employee contribution rates are 4.0% and 3.30% for union and non-union employees, respectively. Total employee contributions were \$152,613 and \$140,433 for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended by the Retirement Board of MERS. The contribution requirements of plan members, if any, are established and may be amended by the City, depending on the MERS contribution program adopted by the Board.

Annual Pension Cost

For the year ended June 30, 2010, the Board's annual pension cost of \$290,184 for MERS was equal to the Board's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2007 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8.0%, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation, and (c) additional projected salary increases of 0.0% to 4.5% per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit. The actuarial value of MERS assets was determined on the basis of a valuation method that assumes the fund earns the expected rate of return, and includes an adjustment to reflect fair value. The City's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2009, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, ranges from 10 to 28 years, depending on the specific employee group.

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year]	Annual Pension sts (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Per	let nsion gation
2008	\$	247,413	100%	\$	-
2009		291,800	100%		-
2010		290,184	100%		_

Notes to Financial Statements

Schedule of Funding Progress								
		Actuarial						
		Accrued				UAAL as a		
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded	Funded		Percentage		
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL)	AAL	Ratio	Covered	of Covered		
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Total	Payroll	Payroll		
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)		
12/31/09	\$ 10,381,674	\$ 12,053,072	\$ 1,671,398	86.13%	\$ 2,604,817	64.17%		

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

accrued liabilities for benefits.

Plan description. The Board participates with the City in a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Plan"). The Plan provides health insurance benefits to certain retirees and their beneficiaries, which are advance-funded on a discretionary basis. In accordance with the City's policy, the City provides health care benefits to retirees in accordance with the pension ordinance. For retirees below age 65, the City pays 75 percent to 80 percent of the annual premium (depending on the bargaining unit) and the retiree pays the balance. Retirees are required to purchase and pay for Medicare supplemental insurance when they become eligible.

Contributions. The contribution requirements of Plan members, the Board and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the City Council. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the Board contributed \$249,328 to the Plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed fifteen years.

Notes to Financial Statements

The following table shows the components of the Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the Board's net OPEB obligation as of and for the years ended June 30:

	 2010
Annual required contribution	\$ 393,099
Interest on net OPEB obligation	11,357
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(15,128)
Net OPEB cost (expense)	389,328
Contributions made	249,328
Increase in net OPEB obligation	140,000
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	_
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 140,000

The Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation was as follows:

					Percentage		
					of Annual		Net
Year		Annual			OPEB Cost		Pension
Ended	O	PEB Cost	Cor	tributions	Contribution	C	bligation
June 30		(a)		(b)	(b/a)		(b-a)
2010	\$	389,328	\$	249,328	64.0%	\$	140,000

Funded status and funding progress. As of June 30, 2010, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,373,246, of which \$1,214,620 was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of the active employees covered by the Plan) was \$3,561,740 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 34 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumption about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits calculations.

Notes to Financial Statements

Actuarial methods and assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to the point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term prospective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal (level percent) cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.5% discount rate. Life expectancies were based on rates from the IRS 2010 mortality table for healthy and the IRS 2010 mortality table set forward 10 years for disabled. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percent on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2010 was 13 years.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Board is self-insured for these risks through the City's self-insurance program except as detailed below. As an enterprise fund of the City, the Board is partially uninsured for health claims and has purchased commercial insurance for coverage related to claims in excess of certain stoploss limits. The City estimates the liability for health claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including both those claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported. These estimates are recorded in the City's Health Benefits Internal Service Fund. The Board also participates in the Michigan Municipal League risk pool for workers' compensation and with the Michigan Professional Insurance Authority for other types of insurance including general and property insurance.

The Michigan Municipal League risk pool program operates as a common risk-sharing management program for local units of government in Michigan. Member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

During fiscal year 2004, the Board entered into the Michigan Professional Insurance Authority (the "Authority") to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the Authority provides for coverage for up to a maximum of \$100,000 for each general liability claim and \$250,000 for each property damage claim. The Board purchases commercial for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Authority for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in the past five fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements

All participants in the Authority make payments to the Authority based on experience estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

Year Ended Beginning of		Current Year Premium	Premium	Balance at		
June 30	Year Liabil	lity	Equivalent Costs	Equivalent Payments	Year	End
2010	\$	-	\$ 802,600	\$ 802,600	\$	-
2009		-	902,500	902,500		-

10. COMMITMENTS

During 2010 and 2009, the Board entered into a coal purchase agreement to purchase a minimum of 1,296,800 tons of coal at fixed prices ending on various dates through December 31, 2017. At June 30, 2010, approximately 138,000 tons of coal had been purchased under this agreement.

Amounts required to complete various construction projects are not material to the financial statements.

11. JOINT VENTURE

The Board entered into a joint venture, the Michigan Public Power Agency (MPPA), with 15 other municipal electric systems. The MPPA was formed to undertake the planning, financing, development, acquisition, construction, improvement, operation and maintenance of projects to supply electric power and energy for present or future needs of its members. Each MPPA member is a municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of Michigan and owns and operates a municipal electric system. The Board is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. The Board did not have an initial equity interest and does not participate in net income or losses. Complete financial statements for the Michigan Public Power Agency can be obtained from the administrative offices at 809 Centennial Way, Lansing MI 48917.

The MPPA operates various projects. The Board participates in the power pool project and the transmission project. The Board had the following activity with the MPPA during the years ended June 30:

	 2010	 2009
Sales	\$ 2,102,095	\$ 5,359,592
Purchases	905,563	1,569,359
Receivables	297,101	145,904

Notes to Financial Statements

12. LITIGATION

In the normal course of its activities, the Board is a party to various legal actions and subject to certain asserted and unasserted claims and assessments. Although some actions have been brought, the Board has not experienced significant losses or costs. The Board is of the opinion that the outcome of any pending actions will not have a material effect on the Board's financial position or results of operations.

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

City-owned facilities are users of Board electric services. The Board includes the sale of such services in its charges for services revenue. The Board is required to pay five percent of gross retail sales to the City under provisions of the City Charter.

A summary of related-party transactions with the City is as follows as of and for the years ended June 30:

	2010	2009
Operating revenue from City-owned facilities	\$ 916,054	\$ 889,500
Operating expenses - statutory charge	1,445,997	1,325,735
Accounts receivable	234,253	90,969
Accounts payable	142,097	119,957

* * * * *



Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Michigan Employees Retirement System Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio Total (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/07	\$ 9,294,218	\$ 9,988,669	\$ 694,451	93.05%	\$ 2,416,428	28.74%
12/31/08	9,856,695	11,443,610	1,586,915	86.13%	2,473,434	64.16%
12/31/09	10,381,674	12,053,072	1,671,398	86.13%	2,604,817	64.17%

Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial Accrued					UAAL as a
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	1	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio Total (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
06/30/08	\$ -	\$ 1,506,491	\$	1,506,491	0.00%	\$ 3,645,317	41.33%
06/30/10	158,626	1,373,246		1,214,620	11.55%	3,561,740	34.10%



Schedules of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

	Voor onde	ed June 30	Increase	Percentage of Operating Revenue		
	2010	2009	(Decrease)	2010	2009	
Operating revenues	2010	2007	(Decreuse)	2010	2007	
Residential sales	\$ 8,880,161	\$ 8,444,904	\$ 435,257	28.53%	26.36%	
Commercial and industrial sales	18,928,214	16,991,663	1.936.551	60.79%	53.05%	
Public street and highway lighting	468,693	441,038	27,655	1.51%	1.38%	
Other sales to public authorities	643,789	637,085	6,704	2.07%	1.99%	
Sales for resale	1,927,063	5,384,127	(3,457,064)	6.19%	16.81%	
Forfeited discounts	101,596	92,711	8,885	0.33%	0.29%	
Rental income	39,465	39,133	332	0.13%	0.12%	
Capital contributions	140,730	928	139,802	0.45%	0.00%	
Other services	1,000	1,375	(375)	0.00%	0.00%	
Total operating revenues	31,130,711	32,032,964	(902,253)	100.00%	100.00%	
Operating expenses						
Power production	17,108,419	19,724,742	(2,616,323)	54.96%	61.57%	
Distribution	1,784,409	1,723,566	60,843	5.73%	5.38%	
Customer accounts	811,298	520,780	290,518	2.61%	1.63%	
Administrative and general	1,728,173	1,730,505	(2,332)	5.55%	5.40%	
Depreciation	3,997,430	3,952,069	45,361	12.84%	12.34%	
Statutory charge	1,445,997	1,325,735	120,262	4.64%	4.14%	
Total operating expenses	26,875,726	28,977,397	(2,101,671)	86.33%	90.46%	
Operating income	4,254,985	3,055,567	1,199,418	13.67%	9.54%	
Nonoperating income (expense) - net						
Interest income	55,145	239,987	(184,842)	0.18%	0.75%	
Interest expense	(2,853,765)	(3,157,450)	303,685	-9.17%	-9.86%	
Gain on sale of capital assets	8,704	986	7,718	0.03%	0.00%	
Emission allowances	157,150	149,183	7,967	0.50%	0.47%	
Other revenue	61,497	16,392	45,105	0.20%	0.05%	
Total nonoperating expense - net	(2,571,269)	(2,750,902)	179,633	-8.26%	-8.59%	
Change in net assets	\$ 1,683,716	\$ 304,665	\$ 1,379,051	5.41%	0.95%	

Schedules of Operating Expenses

				Parcentego o	f Operating	
	Year end	ed June 30	Increase	Percentage of Operating Revenue		
	2010	2009	(Decrease)	2010	2009	
Power production						
Steam expense:						
Operation:						
Supervision and engineering	\$ 72,827	\$ 73,714	\$ (887)	0.23%	0.23%	
Vacation, sick and holiday pay	295,378	286,957	8,421	0.95%	0.90%	
Fringe benefits	998,084	859,692	138,392	3.21%	2.68%	
Fuel and fuel handling	11,633,861	11,893,332	(259,471)	37.37%	37.12%	
Steam	440,925	489,173	(48,248)	1.42%	1.53%	
Scrubber	394,552	409,930	(15,378)	1.27%	1.28%	
Electric plant Other	331,202 330,042	301,825 359,136	29,377 (29,094)	1.06% 1.06%	0.94% 1.12%	
Other	330,042	339,130	(29,094)	1.00%	1.12%	
Total operation	14,496,871	14,673,759	(176,888)	46.57%	45.80%	
Maintenance:						
Supervision	44,714	47,660	(2,946)	0.14%	0.15%	
Structures	51,239	38,185	13,054	0.16%	0.12%	
Boiler plant	608,626	2,147,290	(1,538,664)	1.96%	6.70%	
Scrubber	393,097	595,166	(202,069)	1.26%	1.86%	
Electric plant Other	5,763 33,889	17,809 42,704	(12,046) (8,815)	0.02% 0.11%	0.06% 0.13%	
Other	33,009	42,704	(0,013)	0.11%	0.15%	
Total maintenance	1,137,328	2,888,814	(1,751,486)	3.65%	9.02%	
Total steam expense	15,634,199	17,562,573	(1,928,374)	50.22%	54.82%	
Diesel expense:						
Operation:						
Supervision and engineering	3,832	3,879	(47)	0.01%	0.01%	
Vacation, sick and holiday pay	25,925	23,751	2,174	0.08%	0.07%	
Fringe benefits	96,183	81,413	14,770	0.31%	0.25%	
Fuel: Oil	42,824	72 241	(29,517)	0.14%	0.23%	
Gas	11,398	72,341 5,739	5,659	0.14%	0.23%	
Operating labor	47,090	44,080	3,010	0.15%	0.02%	
Other	86,276	87,100	(824)	0.28%	0.27%	
			· · · · · ·			
Total operation	313,528	318,303	(4,775)	1.01%	0.99%	
Maintenance:						
Structures	4,004	4,900	(896)	0.01%	0.02%	
Engines	164,782	168,056	(3,274)	0.53%	0.52%	
Other	15,478	· 	15,478	0.05%	0.00%	
Total maintenance	184,264	172,956	11,308	0.59%	0.54%	
Total diesel expense	497,792	491,259	6,533	1.60%	1.53%	
System control	46,226	96,921	(50,695)	0.15%	0.30%	
Purchased power	763,285	1,353,604	(590,319)	2.45%	4.23%	
Network transmission	166,917	220,385	(53,468)	0.54%	0.69%	
Total power production	17,108,419	19,724,742	(2,616,323)	54.96%	61.57%	

Schedules of Operating Expenses

	Voor ord	. J. T.,		т.		Percentage of	
	Year ende	ea Ju	ne 30 2009	Increase (Decrease)		Rever 2010	nue 2009
	 2010		2007	<u>(D</u>	ccr case)		2007
Distribution							
Operation:							
Supervision and engineering	\$ 231,696	\$	208,215	\$	23,481	0.74%	0.65%
Vacation, sick and holiday pay	143,984		171,770		(27,786)	0.46%	0.54%
Fringe benefits	480,692		399,800		80,892	1.54%	1.25%
Station expense	58,525		54,415		4,110	0.19%	0.17%
Overhead lines:	102.05		210.050		(10.011)	0.600/	0.5501
Labor	192,067		210,878		(18,811)	0.62%	0.66%
Materials	7,110		7,125		(15)	0.02%	0.02%
Transportation	69,934		82,057		(12,123)	0.22%	0.26%
Underground lines	61,922		49,835		12,087	0.20%	0.16%
Street lighting and signal system	23,110		29,787		(6,677)	0.07%	0.09%
Meters:	104.075		100 770		(2.904)	0.260/	0.34%
Labor Other	104,975 10,737		108,779 14,208		(3,804)	0.36% 0.03%	0.34%
Heating	27,879		22,769		(3,471) 5,110	0.03%	0.04%
Engineering supplies	20,986		20,072		914	0.07%	0.07%
Customer installation	68,119		65,521		2,598	0.07%	0.00%
Other	88,642		108,752		(20,110)	0.28%	0.20%
Other	 88,042		100,732		(20,110)	0.2870	0.54%
Total operation	1,590,378		1,553,983		36,395	5.11%	4.85%
Maintenance:							
Tree trimming	112,237		126,814		(14,577)	0.37%	0.39%
Buildings and substations	21,199		27,388		(6,189)	0.07%	0.09%
Overhead system	28,089		30,782		(2,693)	0.09%	0.10%
Underground system	517		783		(266)	0.00%	0.00%
Storm damage	75,978		14,903		61,075	0.24%	0.05%
Street lighting and signal system	1,506		5,814		(4,308)	0.00%	0.02%
Other	937		1,375		(438)	0.00%	0.00%
Total maintenance	240,463		207,859		32,604	0.77%	0.65%
Reimbursements	(46,432)		(38,276)		(8,156)	-0.15%	-0.12%
Total distribution	1,784,409		1,723,566		60,843	5.73%	5.38%
Customer accounts							
Operation:							
Supervision and engineering	56,406		42,041		14,365	0.18%	0.13%
Vacation, sick and holiday pay	36,611		31,094		5,517	0.12%	0.10%
Fringe benefits	141,708		97,985		43,723	0.46%	0.31%
Meter reading	93,231		94,944		(1,713)	0.30%	0.30%
Customer records and collection	241,930		232,172		9,758	0.78%	0.72%
EO expense	206,737		-		206,737	0.66%	0.00%
Uncollectible accounts - net	33,783		22,194		11,589	0.11%	0.07%
Other	 892		350		542	0.00%	0.00%
Total customer accounts	811,298		520,780		290,518	2.61%	1.63%

Continued...

Schedules of Operating Expenses

		Year ended June 30		Increase		Percentage of Operating		
		2010		2009		Decrease)	2010	2009
Administrative and general								
Operation:	Ф	265 255	Ф	200.460	Φ	(22.112)	0.040/	0.000/
Salaries	\$	265,355	\$	288,468	\$	(23,113)	0.84%	0.90%
Vacation, sick and holiday pay		70,644		48,458		22,186	0.23%	0.15%
Fringe benefits		120,948		105,887		15,061	0.39%	0.33%
Office supplies and expense		52,769		57,748		(4,979)	0.17%	0.18%
Outside services		218,181		99,558		118,623	0.70%	0.31%
Transfers to component units		78,967		78,966		1	0.25%	0.25%
Insurance		802,600		902,500		(99,900)	2.58%	2.82%
Advertising		5,882		17,146		(11,264)	0.02%	0.05%
Franchise requirement		15,427		16,191		(764)	0.05%	0.05%
Maintenance		20,244		23,592		(3,348)	0.07%	0.07%
Other		77,156		91,991		(14,835)	0.25%	0.29%
Total administrative and general		1,728,173		1,730,505		(2,332)	5.55%	5.40%
Depreciation								
Steam production		2,946,906		2,901,284		45,622	9.47%	9.06%
Diesel production		76,072		91,019		(14,947)	0.24%	0.28%
Transmission and distribution plant		940,560		917,770		22,790	3.02%	2.87%
General plant		33,892		41,996		(8,104)	0.11%	0.13%
Total depreciation		3,997,430		3,952,069		45,361	12.84%	12.34%
Statutory charge		1,445,997		1,325,735		120,262	4.64%	4.14%
Total operating expenses	\$	26,875,726	\$	28,977,397	\$	(2,101,671)	86.33%	90.46%

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Maturity

	Interest			Principal
	Rate	Date of	Annual	Outstanding
Bond Issue	(Percent)	Maturity	Maturity	June 30, 2010
Amount of issue – \$47,850,000				
Date of issue – April 3, 2003	5.00	7/1/2010	\$ 5,180,000	\$ 5,180,000
	5.25	7/1/2011	5,455,000	5,455,000
	5.25	7/1/2012	5,765,000	5,765,000
	5.25	7/1/2013	6,085,000	6,085,000
	5.50	7/1/2014	6,430,000	6,430,000
	5.50	7/1/2015	6,805,000	6,805,000
	5.50	7/1/2016	7,210,000	7,210,000
Total face value				42,930,000
Plus unamortized premium				1,114,257
Less unamortized loss on				(2.401.220)
refunding				(2,491,238)
				41,553,019
Amount of issue – \$2,400,000				
Date of issue – March 9, 2007	4.00	7/1/2010	250,000	250,000
	4.00	7/1/2011	265,000	265,000
	4.00	7/1/2012	275,000	275,000
	4.50	7/1/2013	285,000	285,000
	4.50	7/1/2014	300,000	300,000
	5.00	7/1/2015	315,000	315,000
	5.00	7/1/2016	330,000	330,000
Total face value				2,020,000
Plus unamortized premium				35,144
				2,055,144
Total				\$ 43,608,163

Schedules of Debt Service Coverage Ratio

Vear end	ed June 30
2010	2009
\$ 31,130,711	\$ 32,032,964
26,875,726	28,977,397
4,254,985	3,055,567
(2,571,269)	(2,750,902)
1,683,716	304,665
2 007 420	3,952,069
	1,325,735
	3,477,069
	(324,745)
, , ,	78,966
	850,000
8,371,551	9,359,094
8,391	37,185
140,730	928
149,121	38,113
\$ 9,906,146	\$ 9,625,646
\$ 7,812,564	\$ 7,755,763
(8,391)	(37,185)
\$ 7,804,173	\$ 7,718,578
1.27	1.25
	\$ 31,130,711 26,875,726 4,254,985 (2,571,269) 1,683,716 3,997,430 1,445,997 3,142,324 (293,167) 78,967





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 12, 2010

Board of Directors Grand Haven Board of Light and Power Grand Haven, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the *Grand Haven Board of Light and Power* (an enterprise fund of the City of Grand Haven Michigan), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated October 12, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Grand Haven Board of Light and Power's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Grand Haven Board of Light and Power's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Grand Haven Board of Light and Power's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as identified above.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Grand Haven Board of Light and Power's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, others within the organization, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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